



## Deploying the BIG-IP LTM with Oracle JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

### What's inside:

- 2 Prerequisites and configuration notes
- 2 Configuration example
- 3 Preparation Worksheet
- 4 Configuring the BIG-IP for HTTP traffic (no SSL offload)
- 5 Configuring the BIG-IP for HTTPS traffic (SSL offload)
- 6 Configuring optional iRules
- 7 Document Revision History

Welcome to the F5 deployment guide for Oracle JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and BIG-IP 10.2.1. This guide shows administrators how to configure the BIG-IP Local Traffic Manager (LTM) for directing traffic, ensuring application availability, improving performance and providing a flexible layer of security for JD Edwards EnterpriseOne deployments.

### Why F5

The BIG-IP LTM provides high availability, load balancing, enhanced performance, simple scalability and high operational resiliency for Oracle JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Application deployments. In a JD Edwards One environment, the BIG-IP LTM provides intelligent traffic management and high availability by monitoring and managing connections to the WebLogic services.

In addition, the built-in performance optimization capabilities of the LTM provide faster operations to facilitate a better end-user experience. The LTM also keeps persistence records for connections to always be directed to the same server for a specified period of time, to ensure that the workflow in the JD Edwards environment is fully preserved.

For more information on Oracle JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, see <http://www.oracle.com/us/products/applications/jd-edwards-enterpriseone/index.html>

For more information on the F5 BIG-IP LTM, see <http://www.f5.com/products/big-ip/product-modules/local-traffic-manager.html>

To provide feedback on this deployment guide or other F5 solution documents, contact us at [solutionsfeedback@f5.com](mailto:solutionsfeedback@f5.com).

### Products and versions tested

Product	Version
BIG-IP LTM	10.2.1
JD Edwards EnterpriseOne	9.0/8.98.4
Oracle WebLogic Server	10.3.2

**Important:** Make sure you are using the most recent version of this deployment guide, available at <http://www.f5.com/pdf/deployment-guides/oracle-jd-edwards-dg.pdf>.

Document Version

1.0

## Prerequisites and configuration notes

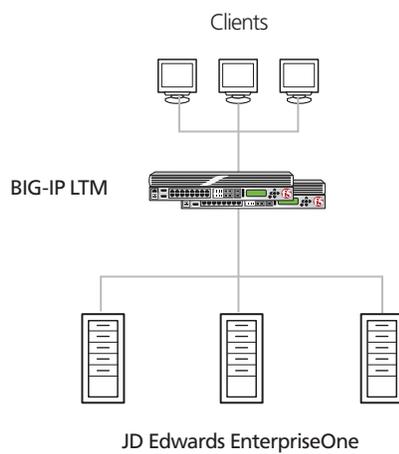
The following are general prerequisites and configuration notes for this guide:

- You must have administrative access to the BIG-IP web-based Configuration utility.
- You must have administrative level privileges to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne servers, for editing configurations and stopping/starting services.
- Optional: You must have a valid SSL certificate and key if you going to offload SSL to the BIG-IP LTM.

## Configuration example

In this deployment guide, we provide guidance on configuring the BIG-IP LTM for intelligent traffic management and high availability for JD Edwards EnterpriseOne environments.

The following is a simple, logical diagram of our configuration.



**Figure 1:** Logical configuration example

## Preparation Worksheet

Before beginning the configuration, it is helpful to gather some information, such as IP addresses and certificate/key information. This worksheets contains the information that is helpful to have in advance. You might find it useful to print the table and then enter the information. We provide a blank worksheet, and then one completed with our examples.

➡ **Note:** *Although we show space for nine pool members, you may have more or fewer members in your pool*

IP Addresses	Pool Members	Health monitor	Certificate and Key?
Virtual server IP address:  Service Port:	WebLogic Server IPs:Port 1: 2: 3: 4: 5: 6: 7: 8: 9:	URI required for accessing the JD Edwards deployment (/jde/index.jsp by default):  User name for a JD Edwards account <sup>1</sup> :  Associated password:	Only required if offloading SSL onto the BIG-IP <sup>2</sup> .  Certificate:  Key:

<sup>1</sup> We strongly recommend creating a user account specifically for this monitor

<sup>2</sup> If offloading SSL, you must have imported a valid certificate and key on to the BIG-IP system before beginning the configuration. See the Online help or product documentation for more information

IP Addresses	Pool Members	Health monitor	Certificate and Key?
Virtual server IP address: <b>192.0.2.101</b>  Service Port: <b>443</b>	WebLogic Server IPs:Port 1: <b>10.10.10.101:7003</b> 2: <b>10.10.10.102:7003</b> 3: <b>10.10.10.103:7003</b> 4: <b>10.10.10.104:7003</b> 5: <b>10.10.10.105:7003</b> 6: <b>10.10.10.106:7003</b> 7: 8: 9:	URI required for accessing the JD Edwards deployment (/jde/index.jsp by default): <b>/jde/index.jsp</b>  User name for a JD Edwards account: <b>JDE</b>  Associated password: <b>password</b>	Only required if offloading SSL onto the BIG-IP.  Certificate: <b>JDE-SSL</b>  Key: <b>JDE-SSL</b>

### Configuring the BIG-IP LTM for HTTP traffic (no SSL offload)

Use the following table for guidance on configuring the BIG-IP LTM for JD Edwards EnterpriseOne using HTTP with no SSL offload. This table contains any non-default setting you should configure as a part of this deployment. Unless otherwise specified, settings not mentioned in the table can be configured as applicable for your configuration.

Give each object a unique name. We recommend using names that are prefaced by "JDE-" such as JDE-monitor.

**Tip**

For specific instructions on configuring individual objects, see the online help or product documentation. Also see *Configuring optional iRules on page 6*.

BIG-IP object	Non-default settings/Notes	
<b>Health Monitor</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>HTTP</b>
	<b>Interval</b>	<b>60</b>
	<b>Timeout</b>	<b>180</b>
	<b>Send String</b>	<b>GET /jde/index.jsp \r\n<sup>1</sup></b>
	<b>Receive String</b>	<b>&lt;html&gt;</b>
	<b>User Name</b>	Type the user name, if appropriate. We use <b>JDE</b>
	<b>Password</b>	Associated password, if appropriate. We use <b>password</b>
<b>Pool</b>	<b>Health monitor</b>	Add health monitor above
	<b>Slow Ramp Time</b>	<b>120</b> (must select Advanced for this option to appear)
	<b>Load Balancing Method</b>	<b>Least Connections (node)</b> recommended
	<b>Address</b>	WebLogic server IP address
	<b>Service Port</b>	<b>7003</b> (default) Repeat Address and Port for all members)
<b>Profiles</b>	<b>HTTP</b>	Parent Profile <b>http</b>
	<b>TCP WAN</b>	Parent Profile <b>tcp-wan-optimized</b>
		Idle Timeout <b>1800</b>
	<b>TCP LAN</b>	Parent Profile <b>tcp-lan-optimized</b>
		Idle Timeout <b>1800</b>
	<b>Persistence (Cookie)<sup>2</sup></b>	Persistence Type <b>Cookie</b>
<b>Persistence (Source Address)</b>	Persistence Type <b>Source Address Affinity</b>	
<b>OneConnect</b>	Parent Profile <b>oneconnect</b>	
<b>Virtual Server</b>	Destination Address	IP address (clients use to access JD Edwards via BIG-IP)
	Service Port	<b>80</b>
	Profiles	Add select each profile you created above from the appropriate list. Source Address Affinity is the Fallback Persistence method.
	SNAT Pool	Automap (recommended; with more than 65,000 users, use SNAT Pool)
	iRules	Optional. See <i>Configuring optional iRules on page 6</i>
	Default Pool	Select the pool you created above

<sup>1</sup> If you changed from the default JD Edwards URI, replace /jde/index.jsp with that URI.

<sup>2</sup> See *Using an iRule to persist WebLogic connections on JSessionID on page 6*. If using this iRule, the Persistence Type is Universal, you must enable Match Across Services, and then select the iRule.

➔ **Important:** For SSL offload, we assume you have already obtained a valid SSL certificate/key pair and imported it onto the BIG-IP system. For more information on certificates and keys, see the BIG-IP documentation.

## Configuring the BIG-IP LTM for HTTPS traffic (SSL offload)

Use the following table for guidance on configuring the BIG-IP LTM to offload SSL for JD Edwards EnterpriseOne. This table contains any non-default setting you should configure as a part of this deployment. Unless otherwise specified, settings not mentioned in the table can be configured as applicable for your configuration.

Give each object a unique name. We recommend using names prefaced by "JDE-".

For specific instructions on configuring individual objects, see the online help or product documentation. Also see *Configuring optional iRules on page 6*.

BIG-IP object	Non-default settings/Notes	
<b>Health Monitor</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>HTTP</b>
	<b>Interval</b>	<b>60</b>
	<b>Timeout</b>	<b>180</b>
	<b>Send String</b>	<b>GET /jde/index.jsp \r\n</b> <sup>1</sup>
	<b>Receive String</b>	<b>&lt;html&gt;</b>
	<b>User Name</b>	Appropriate user name. We use <b>JDE</b>
	<b>Password</b>	Associated password. We use <b>password</b>
<b>Pool</b>	<b>Health monitor</b>	Add health monitor above
	<b>Slow Ramp Time</b>	<b>120</b> (must select Advanced for this option to appear)
	<b>Load Balancing Method</b>	<b>Least Connections (node)</b> recommended
	<b>Address</b>	WebLogic server IP address
	<b>Service Port</b>	<b>7003</b> (default) Repeat Address and Port for all members)
<b>Profiles</b>	<b>HTTP</b>	Parent Profile <b>http</b> Request Header Insert <b>WL-Proxy-SSL:true</b>
	<b>TCP WAN</b>	Parent Profile <b>tcp-wan-optimized</b>
		Idle Timeout <b>1800</b>
	<b>TCP LAN</b>	Parent Profile <b>tcp-lan-optimized</b>
		Idle Timeout <b>1800</b>
	<b>Client SSL</b>	Parent Profile <b>clientssl</b> Certificate/Key Select the Certificate and Key you imported
	<b>Persistence (Cookie)<sup>2</sup></b>	Persistence Type <b>Cookie</b>
<b>Persistence (Source Address)<sup>2</sup></b>	Persistence Type <b>Source Address Affinity</b>	
<b>OneConnect</b>	Parent Profile <b>oneconnect</b>	
<b>Virtual Server</b>	Destination Address	IP address (clients use to access JD Edwards via BIG-IP)
	Service Port	<b>443</b>
	Profiles	Add select each profile you created above from the appropriate list. Source Address Affinity is the Fallback Persistence method.
	SNAT Pool	Automap (recommended; with more than 65,000 users, use SNAT Pool)
	iRules	Optional. See <i>Configuring optional iRules on page 6</i>
	Default Pool	Select the pool you created above

<sup>1</sup> If you changed from the default JD Edwards URI, replace /jde/index.jsp with that URI.

<sup>2</sup> See *Using an iRule to persist WebLogic connections on JSessionID on page 6*. If using this iRule, the Persistence Type is Universal, you must enable Match Across Services, and then select the iRule.

## Configuring optional iRules

The following two iRules are optional, but can be helpful in certain scenarios.

### Using an iRule to mask the root context

When accessing the EnterpriseOne application, you may want to mask the root context, and provide a simpler way for users to access the application. When the user types the URI to access the EnterpriseOne application, the following BIG-IP iRule automatically appends the context root to the base URI. For example, if you type *http://jdedwards.example.com*, the iRule would send *http://jdedwards.example.com/jde/EiMenu.maf* to the server.

Create an iRule on the BIG-IP LTM using the following code (omitting the line numbers).

```
1  when HTTP_REQUEST {
2      if {[HTTP::uri] == "/" } {
3          HTTP::uri "/jde/EiMenu.maf"
4      }
5  }
```

Use the following procedure to add the iRule to the virtual server.

#### To add the iRule to the virtual server

1. On the Main tab, expand **Local Traffic** and then click **Virtual servers**.
2. From the **Virtual Server** list, select the name of the virtual server you created for JD Edwards earlier in this guide.
3. On the Menu bar, click **Resources**.
4. In the iRules section, click **Manage**.
5. From the **Available** list, select the iRule you just created and then click the Add (<<) button.
6. Click the **Finished** button.

### Using an iRule to persist WebLogic connections on JSessionID

Most WebLogic servers keep track of a particular user session using a JSessionID as either a cookie or as a parameter appended to a URI. In some cases, you may want to persist these connections through the BIG-IP using the WebLogic JSessionID instead of the recommended Cookie persistence profile.

The iRule is available on DevCentral:

[http://devcentral.f5.com/wiki/default.aspx/iRules/Weblogic\\_JSessionID\\_Persistence.html](http://devcentral.f5.com/wiki/default.aspx/iRules/Weblogic_JSessionID_Persistence.html)

As mentioned in the article, you must use a Universal persistence method, enable Match Across Services, and then add the iRule to the persistence profile (and not the virtual server).

## Document Revision History

Version	Description
1.0	New deployment guide

**F5 Networks, Inc.** 401 Elliott Avenue West, Seattle, WA 98119 888-882-4447 [www.f5.com](http://www.f5.com)

**F5 Networks,  
Corporate Headquarters**  
[info@f5.com](mailto:info@f5.com)

**F5 Networks  
Asia-Pacific**  
[apacinfo@f5.com](mailto:apacinfo@f5.com)

**F5 Networks Ltd.  
Europe/Middle-East/Africa**  
[emeainfo@f5.com](mailto:emeainfo@f5.com)

**F5 Networks  
Japan K.K.**  
[f5j-info@f5.com](mailto:f5j-info@f5.com)

